

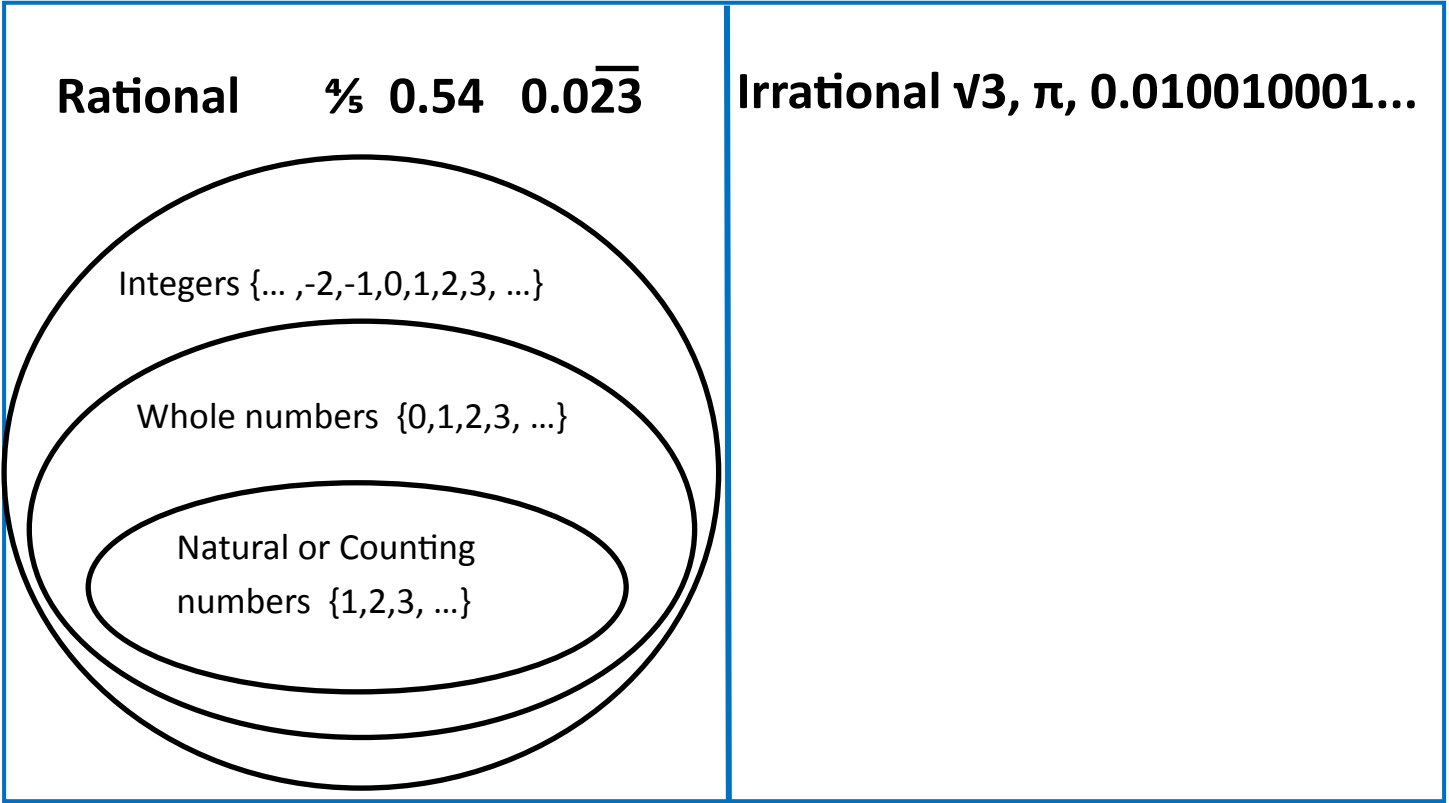


# FOUNDATIONS

Number Sense	Definition	Example									
Absolute Value	The distance between a number and zero.	$ 5  = 5,  -5  = 5$									
Order of Operations	PEMDAS	Parentheses, Exponents, Multiply and Divide, Add and Subtract.									
<b>Expressions</b>	<i>(No equal sign)</i>										
<i>Arithmetic Expression</i>	A mathematical <b>statement</b> with only numbers or operators.	$2 + 6$									
<i>Algebraic Expression</i>	A mathematical <b>statement</b> with variables, numbers and operators.	$2x + 6$									
<i>Quadratic Expression</i>	A mathematical <b>polynomial expression of the second degree</b> with variables, numbers and operators.	$Ax^2+Bx+C$									
<b>Equations</b>	<i>(Equal sign)</i>										
<i>Arithmetic Equation</i>	A mathematical <b>equation</b> with only numbers or operators.	$2+6=8$									
<i>Algebraic Equation</i>	A mathematical <b>equation</b> with variables, numbers, and operators.	$2x+6=10$									
<i>Quadratic Equation</i>	A mathematical <b>polynomial equation of the second degree</b> with variables, numbers, and operators.	$Ax^2+Bx+C=0$									
Variable	Alphabetical character representing a number.	X									
Coefficient	Number in front of a variable.	<b>2</b> x									
Term	A term is either a number, a variable, or a number and variable multiplied together.  + and - signs separate terms.	<table style="border: none;"> <tr> <td><math>2x</math></td> <td>one term</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>2x + 3</math></td> <td>two terms</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>2x + 3 - y</math></td> <td>three terms</td> </tr> </table>	$2x$	one term	$2x + 3$	two terms	$2x + 3 - y$	three terms			
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$2x + 3 - y$	three terms										
Scientific Notation	A method for expressing <b>very large or small</b> numbers.	$a \times 10^m$									
Standard Notation	It is a number written simply as a <b>number</b> .	0.0000067 or 65,839,275									
Exponential Notation	A method of representation of numbers in <b>shorter form</b> .	$a^m$									
Polynomial	An algebraic expression with one or more terms.	<table style="border: none;"> <tr> <td>2x monomial</td> <td><math>2x + 3</math></td> <td>1 term</td> </tr> <tr> <td>binomial</td> <td><math>2x^2 + 3x - 2</math></td> <td>2 terms</td> </tr> <tr> <td>trinomial</td> <td></td> <td>3 terms</td> </tr> </table>	2x monomial	$2x + 3$	1 term	binomial	$2x^2 + 3x - 2$	2 terms	trinomial		3 terms
2x monomial	$2x + 3$	1 term									
binomial	$2x^2 + 3x - 2$	2 terms									
trinomial		3 terms									
Degree of Polynomial	The largest exponent of a term within a polynomial.	<table style="border: none;"> <tr> <td><math>2x</math></td> <td>1st degree</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>2x^2</math></td> <td>2nd degree</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>2x^3</math></td> <td>3rd degree</td> </tr> </table>	$2x$	1st degree	$2x^2$	2nd degree	$2x^3$	3rd degree			
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Leading Coefficient	The coefficient of the first term of a polynomial written in descending order of exponents.	$2x^3+3x^2-x+2$									

# A

# FOUNDATIONS



### Reciprocal of "N"

$\frac{1}{N} = N^{-1}$	$N^{-1}$	$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{4}{3}$
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### Parts of an Equation by Operator

Addend + Addend = Sum	Minuend—Subtrahend= Difference
Factor x Factor = Product	Dividend / Divisor = Quotient

### Prime and Composite

Prime	Any positive integer with only two factors: 1 and itself.
Composite	A positive integer with more than two factors.

### Percent—Fraction—Decimal

<b>30%</b>	$\frac{3}{10}$	<b>0.30</b>
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<b><math>\pi</math></b> = 3.14159365359
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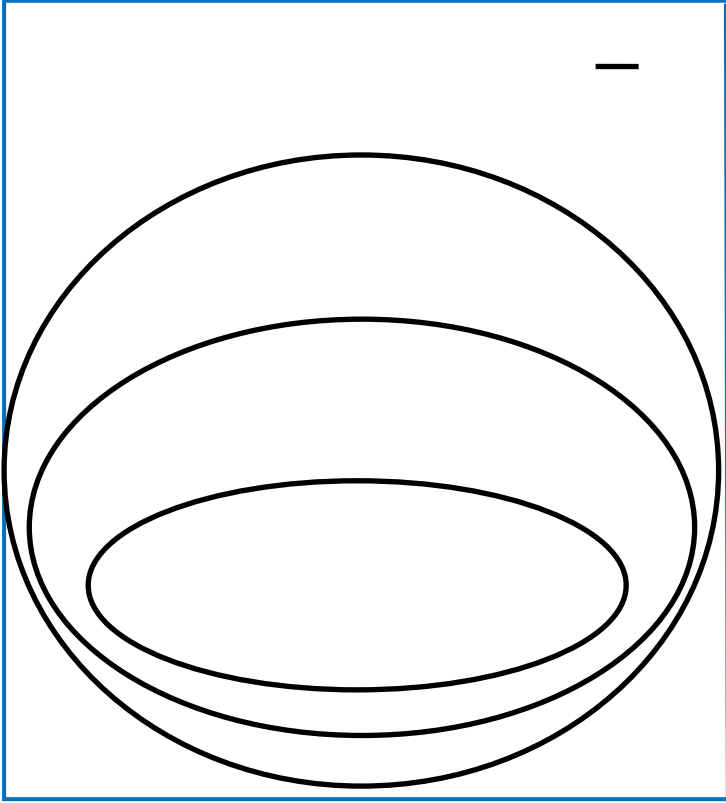


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Exponential Notation		
Polynomial		
Degree of Polynomial		
Leading Coefficient		

# A

# FOUNDATIONS

	
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Reciprocal of "N"

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Parts of an Equation by Operator


Prime and Composite

Prime	
Composite	

Percent—Fraction—Decimal

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$\pi$

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